

# Point Neurons and Compartment Models

## Synaptic Interaction

- 1 Cell Shapes
  - Point Neurons
  - Compartments
  - Axon Modeling

- 2 Synapses
  - Post-Synaptic Potentials
  - Modeling Synapses

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So far, we have ignored the shape of the neuron

### Point Neuron

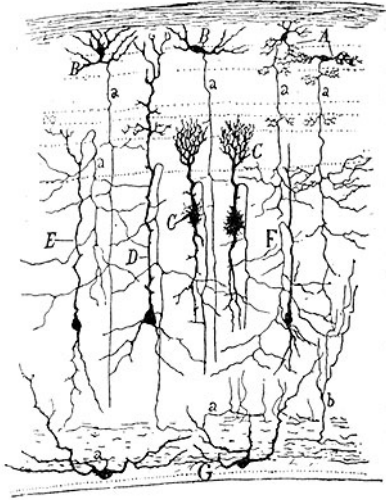
- Neuron model where shape (morphology) is ignored
- Same potential everywhere inside
- All currents go into the same pool

Is this an acceptable approximation?

### Typical neurons

- Thin branches
- Too fast events for the potential to reach a steady state
- Non-uniform distribution of ion channels

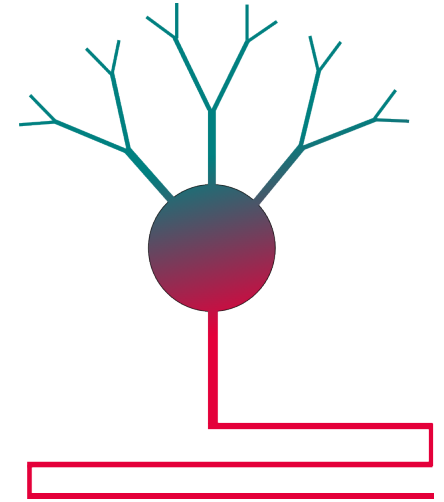
Still — The point neuron approximation is often “good enough”



### Main parts of a neuron

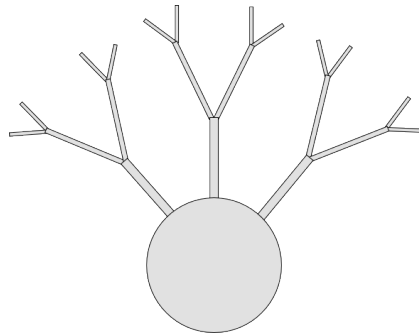
What happens where?

- Dendrites  
Collect input
- Soma  
Regular cellular machinery
- Axon  
Distributes output



### Modeling dendritic trees

- Compartment Models
- Each compartment has its own potential
- Conductance between compartments

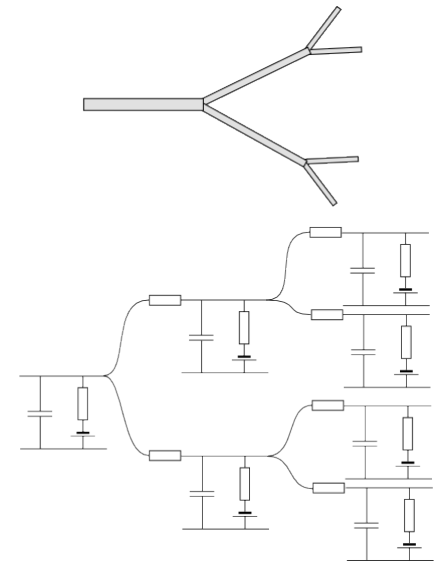


### Compartment Models

Each compartment has its own:

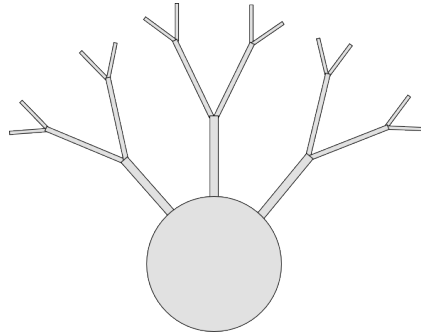
- Potential
- Membrane Capacitance
- Leak Conductance and Reversal Potential

Core conductance between compartments



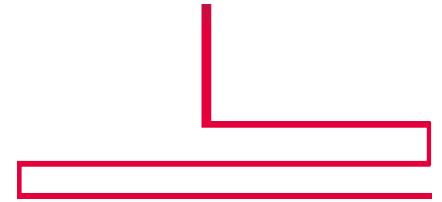
## Possible computational consequences

- Inputs far out have less influence on spike generation
- Local interaction between incoming signals
- Shunting inhibition



## Axon

- Propagating action potential
- Pure delay
- Myelin accelerates
- Possible implementation: Delay queue



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## 2 Synapses

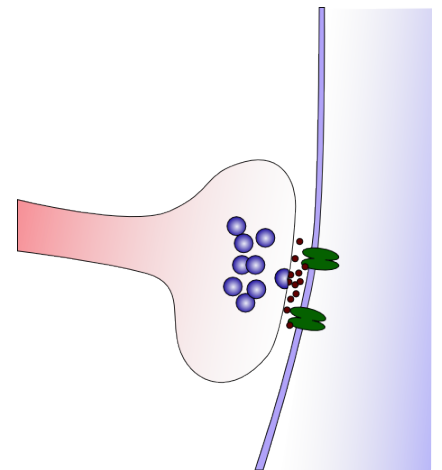
- Post-Synaptic Potentials
- Modeling Synapses

Action Potential  $\Rightarrow$   
Transmitter Release

Binding to Receptors  $\Rightarrow$   
Ion Channels open

Post-Synaptic Potential (PSP)

- Excitatory PSP (EPSP)  
Increases potential  
Unspecific ion channels
- Inhibitory PSP (IPSP)  
Decreases potential  
Chloride channels



- Common synapse model  
Conductance changes  
according to *Alpha function*

$$t \cdot e^{-t}$$

- Alternatives
  - Current injection
  - Instantaneous current injection

